

TURF SAFE WEED KILLERS

Grassy weeds are nothing more than types of grasses that you don't want in your lawn or flower beds. They can be either annual grasses like crabgrass or perennial grasses like fescue. When killing weeds in a lawn without killing grass, check the label and be sure to select an herbicide that targets the weeds in your yard and is safe for your turfgrass species.

HERE ARE A FEW THINGS TO CONSIDER WHEN PICKING A WEED KILLER:

Which stage of growth is the weed in?

It's best to apply weed killer at a particular stage commonly referred to as "emergence."

Is the weed killer temporary or longer lasting?

More temporary weed killers degrade in soil within a few days to weeks, which means you'll need to reapply the product more often than a longer lasting weed killer that will stay in the soil and keep new weeds from growing.



Is it a selective or non-selective weed killer?

Selectivity is the ability of a weed killer to destroy weeds but leave the surrounding plants unharmed.

Which process does the weed killer use?

- Translocation describes the movement of the product within the weed and how it's taken up through the leaves, stems or roots of the plant.
- Contact weed killers don't move through the weed once they enter it, they kill the plant by destroying the part where it was applied.
- Systemic weed killers move within the weed after it's absorbed and kill the plant from the bottom up.